



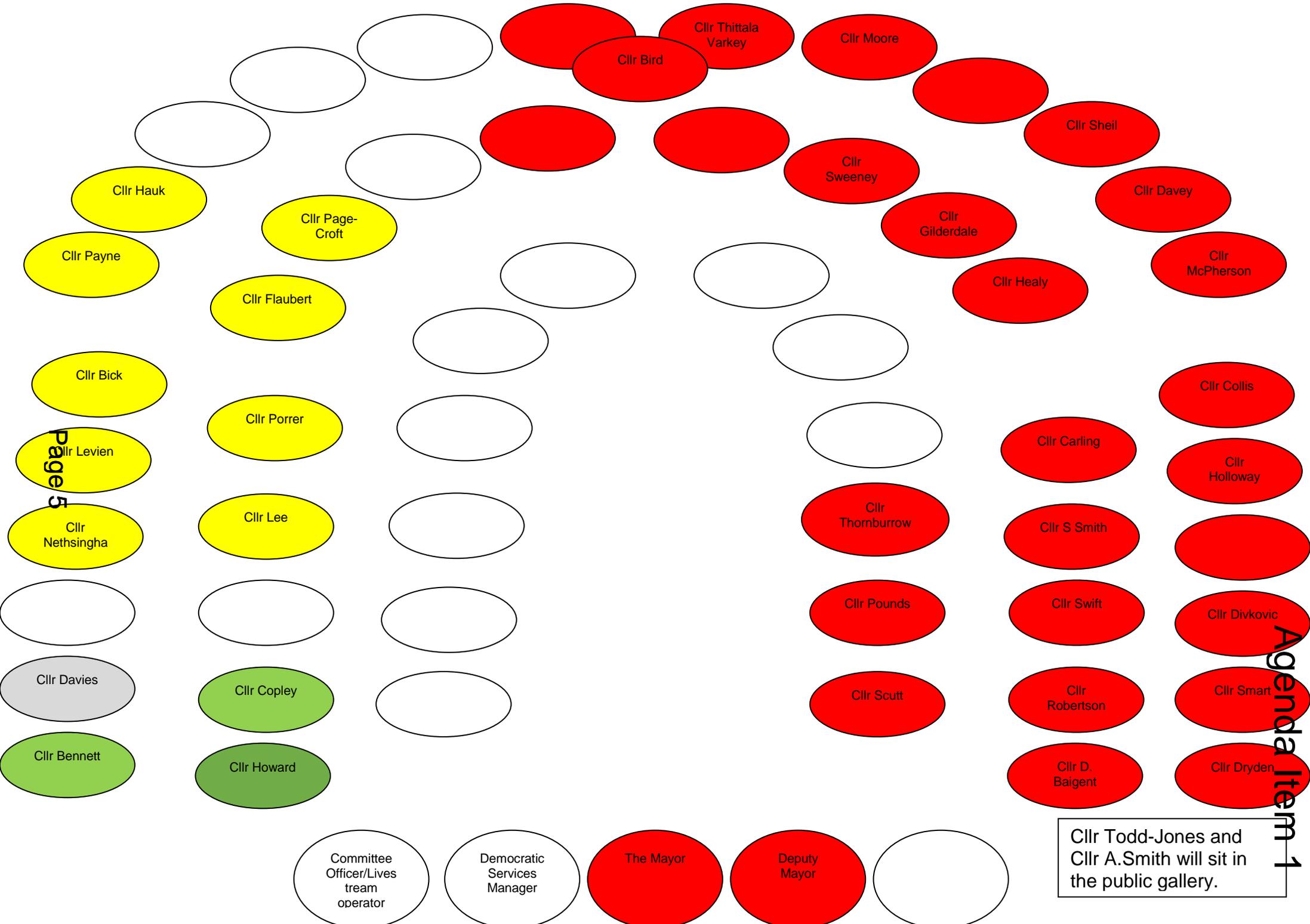
CAMBRIDGE CITY COUNCIL

INFORMATION PACK

Date: Thursday, 20 October 2022

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List of public questions.

Question 1.

As the nights draw in, more and more students are becoming aware of the low levels of lighting on some of the most well used paths around Cambridge. Many of these paths cross beautiful areas, rich in wildlife, and I know there are concerns about the impact increased permanent lighting might have on wildlife, in particular bats. However, for the winter months, when the lighting is most important for the human residents in Cambridge, many bat species are hibernating. Would the Executive member for Open Spaces be willing to meet with me to discuss a program to use “Christmas” lighting (perhaps in the trees) as a temporary and attractive way to improve the lighting on some of our paths make them feel safer for walkers and cyclists without having an undue impact on bats or other insects in the summer?

Question 2.

On September 5th 2022, a group of Travellers were evicted from Arbury Town Rec. It is common for family groups to travel through Cambridge for funerals, weddings, births, hospital visits, and to find work. However, due to the local authorities’ failure to provide adequate legal stopping provisions, they are often forced to park their vehicles without authorisation.

In a Facebook post, Cambridge police said of the eviction:

“We were made aware of trespassing on land at Campkin Road – known as Arbury Town Rec – over the weekend and a range of significant impacts on local people including anti-social behaviour. We have been working with the landowners, Cambridge City Council, to respond to those behaviours.

As set out in national guidance on legislation under the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts (PCSC) Act 2022, we assess and then respond appropriately to cases based on the individual circumstances.

This includes balancing considerations as to whether the behaviours meet the threshold of ‘causing, or likely to cause, significant damage,

disruption or distress’, alongside the potential impact taking enforcement action may have on families involved or other vulnerable people.

This afternoon we agreed with Cambridge City Council that the trespassing has been causing disorder and disruption to the local community and the most appropriate course of action was to direct the group to leave using the new Section 60C(1) powers.”

As Cambridge City Council acknowledged in its July 2021 Motion on the Policing Bill, Section 60C(1) *“specifically [targets] Gypsy and Traveller communities, who are some of the most discriminated against and marginalised minority ethnic communities in UK society.”* The Council described Section 60C(1) as *“discriminatory and disproportionate”* and resolved to *“stand in solidarity with Traveller and Gypsy communities in Cambridge.”*

We now know what the Council thinks solidarity looks like.

Were alternative provisions, such as a negotiated stopping agreement, attempted prior to the Council’s decision to enforce a measure that it claims to condemn; can the Council provide evidence that the alleged “disorder and disruption” met the legal threshold for an eviction under the PCSC Act; and, if so, did this eviction result in criminal proceedings, under the PCSC Act or otherwise?

Sources:

- <https://www.facebook.com/CambridgeCity.police/posts/pfbid0X1cyiY7hHzDRpojT22PadtCqnWfHrThTp3UDYHEeVfRst6JbXYfHfVB1oewWHHDFI>
- <https://democracy.cambridge.gov.uk/mgAi.aspx?ID=27720>

Question 3.

"Recently it has been noticed that there is a significant increase in the number of international students arriving at Cambridge. Anglia Ruskin has published on their website that 2000 international students have been registered in 2022-23.

It is very alarming to see international students are being forced to stay at B&B and/or Travel lodges, where they have to pay a huge amount of

sum as University has not secured accommodation before arrival. It has been reported that students who arrive in Cambridge in the middle of the night, ended up sleeping in the university lounge and some days they have to sleep in the corridors of Travel Lodge. In many cases, they have to pay for B&B for weeks until they could find some accommodation, effectively being homeless for a certain period of time.

Can the council confirm that the students are being provided with secured accommodation and are not forced to become homeless?"

Question 4.

While awaiting the now two-year delayed GTANA, upon which the Council seems to put so much store, the need for Transit Sites in Cambridge City and South Cambridgeshire is clearly evident, based on the Council's continuing use of evictions for 'unauthorised encampments'. (1) (2)

At the May Full Council Meeting, the Executive Councillor stated they could not commit to a moratorium on evictions, but did not intend to bring criminal proceedings under the Police, Crime Sentencing and Courts Act (2022) on Council-owned land. The City Council appears to be in breach of this with regard to an unauthorised encampment at Arbury Town Rec in September.

This raises the question what further need a GTANA can demonstrate than the clear evidence which is staring the Council full in the face.

To put this into context, the RRR Consultancy Ltd GTANA was commissioned to inform the housing and planning requirements in emerging Local Plans for the 20 year period 2020–2040, but the current Local Plan (by ORS and not passed until 2018) is still the basis of Planning Policy for Traveller Sites (PPTS). This should have already demonstrated need, yet failed to propose any Transit Sites for Cambridge City and South Cambs' Joint Planning Authority.

In fact Section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 (3) stated 12 years ago that public bodies should have regard to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation; advance equality of opportunity; foster good relations; to remove and minimise disadvantages suffered by those due to their protected characteristics; and to encourage them to

participate in public life. 'LAs used to have a legal duty to provide sites for Gypsies and Travellers. In 1994 this obligation was removed following the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act and as a result, and along with a change in the use of land and more land being identified for housing, site provision to accommodate the roadside GRT communities is limited.' (4)

The other issue the Council seems to have left in abeyance is the impact of the 2015 new definition of Travellers in planning guidance. For the past 50 years, aspects of law and policy in England have sought to address a shortage of Gypsy and Traveller sites to compensate for the closure of traditional stopping places on common land since 1960. The new definition recognises only those travelling for work permanently and excludes those who have settled due to age, illness, education or other reasons. In an EHRC study across 20 LPAs, the pre-2015 total requirement was for 1,584 further pitches. After the revised definition was introduced, the assessed need fell to just 345. **'Another way of looking at this is that instead of 100% of accommodation need coming within the PPTS definition, we have found that since August 2015 this figure is nearer 15% of assessed households.'** (5)

By their very nature, those Travellers involved in unauthorised encampments are the most obviously PPTS-compliant candidates, yet they are difficult to track and suspicious of officials coming onto their encampments and asking questions. This appears to have been the case in Arbury Town Rec.

While failing to provide any new pitches or transit sites, the South Cambridgeshire website helpfully provides an 'Unauthorised Encampments Toolkit' for parishes to assist in enforcement actions either in 3 easy steps using Common Law or through Possession proceedings under Section 55. (6)

What all this means is that the changes to PPTS, the repeal of the duty to specifically assess Gypsy and Traveller accommodation needs, and its replacement with a more general duty to assess the need for caravan sites in the assessment of a general housing need, have led to a significant reduction in pitch numbers in GTAAs.

RRR Consultancy Ltd have submitted their data to the individual Councils in Cambridgeshire and Peterborough, Kings Lynn and West Norfolk. Fenland may reject it and commission their own study and West Suffolk have approved an interim statement of accommodation needs,

due to the demands of the emerging Local Plan. The City Council have now received the data from RRR Consultancy Ltd and are reviewing it.

The question is: **When will it be made public?**

Notes:

- 1 During the pandemic up until July 2021, there were 11 evictions.
- 2 Since the July 2021 City Council Motion to “stand in solidarity with Traveller and Gypsy communities in Cambridge”, 7 further evictions from Arbury Town Park land have taken place between July 2021 and March 2022. In response to a question by Cllr Bennett in March 2022 at the Full Council Meeting.
- 3 The Equality Act (2010)
<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2010/15/contents>
- 4 From South Cambridgeshire website.
- 5 EHRC: G&T sites: the revised planning definitions impact on assessing accommodation needs Research Report 128 September 2019
- 6 <https://www.scambs.gov.uk/housing/housing-advice/gypsy-and-traveller-information/gypsy-and-traveller-encampment-advice/>

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| <p style="text-align: center;">COMBINED AUTHORITY BOARD AND OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS – THE LEADER OF THE COUNCIL</p> |
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- 1.1 Appointments to the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Combined Authority Board, the Combined Authority Overview and Scrutiny Committee and the Combined Authority Audit and Governance Committee are made by Full Council, this was last done in May 2022. Reported at Agenda Item 9a is a record of decision which changed the substitute member on the CA Board for a limited time. There is also a proposed change to the city council membership on the CA Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Accordingly, Council is recommended to:

Appoint Councillor Anna Smith as the substitute member on the Combined Authority Board and Councillor Simon Smith as a substantive member and Councillor Gawthrope Wood as the substitute member on the CA Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

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Discretions Policy for: Cambridge City Council

Date:
02/09/2022

This policy confers no contractual rights. Cambridge City Council retains the right to change the policies at any time without prior notice or consultation. Only the policy which is current at the time a relevant event occurs to an employee/scheme member will be the one applied to that employee/member.

Discretions have been colour coded -



Compulsory - you must formulate, publish and keep under review a policy on these discretions



Recommended - there is no requirement for you to publish a written policy on these discretions, however as these matters arise fairly frequently it would perhaps be appropriate for you to do so in order that members can be clear on your policy on these matters



Less Common - there is no requirement for you to publish a written policy on these discretions

Regulations Key and Timeline

Discretions from 1.4.14 in relation to post 31.3.14 active members (excluding councillor members) and post 31.3.14 leavers (excluding councillor members), being discretions under:

- o the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 **[prefix R]**
- o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014 **[prefix TP]**
- o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Administration) Regulations 2008 **[prefix A]**
- o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 **[prefix B]**
- o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2008 **[prefix T]**
- o the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997 **[prefix L]**
- Discretions in relation to scheme members (excluding councillor members) who ceased active membership on or after 1.4.08 and before 1.4.14, being discretions under:
 - o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Administration) Regulations 2008 **[prefix A]**
 - o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 **[prefix B]**
 - o the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2008 **[prefix T]**
 - o the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997 **[prefix L]**
- Discretions under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997 in relation to active councillor members and any other scheme members who ceased active membership on or after 1.4.98 and before 1.4.08 **[Prefix C]**
- Discretions under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1995 in relation to scheme members who ceased active membership before 1.4.98 **[Prefix D]**
- Discretions under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 **[Prefix E]**
- Discretions under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2000 **[Prefix ET]**
- * *These employer discretions are subject to a written policy under Local Government Pension Regulations*

Key to Type of Discretion

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|--|-----------------------|
| Membership, Aggregation & Contribution Discretions | Membership |
| Additional Membership Benefits; Augmentation & Final Pay | Additional Benefits |
| Extension of Time Limits | Time Limits |
| Recovery and forfeiture of Contributions (Criminal Offences, Fraud & Misconduct) | Recovery & Forfeiture |
| Types of Retirement (Early Payment, Flexible Retirement & Actuarial Reduction) | Retirement |
| Ill Health | Ill Health |
| Redundancy | Redundancy |
| Apportioning Compensatory Added Years | Added Years |

Discretions from 1.4.14. in relation to post 31.3.14. active members (excluding councillor members) and post 31.3.14. leavers (excluding councillor members)
R = LGPS Regulations 2013 and
TP = LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendments) Regulations 2014

| | Discretion | Regulation | Exercised by | |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Granting additional pension | Whether to grant additional pension to an active member or within 6 months of ceasing to be an active member by reason of redundancy or business efficiency (by up to £7,122 p.a - figure at 1 April 2020) | R31 | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make use of the discretion to grant extra annual pension of up to £6,822 (as at 1st April 2018) to an active scheme member or within 6 months of leaving to a member whose employment is terminated on the grounds of redundancy or business efficiency. |
| Shared cost APCs | Whether, where an active Scheme member wishes to purchase extra annual pension of up to £7,122 (figure at 1 April 2020) by making Additional Pension Contributions (APCs), to (voluntarily) contribute towards the cost of purchasing that extra pension via a Shared Cost Additional Pension Contribution (SCAPC) | R16(2)(e) & R16(4)(d) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will only contribute to a shared cost APC where:-an active member returns from a period of authorised unpaid leave of absence (otherwise than by reason of illness or injury, ordinary maternity leave, paternity leave, ordinary adoption leave or reserve forces service leave-the member does not, within 30 days of returning from the leave of absence, make an election to buy-back the whole of the amount of pension 'lost'; during the that period of leave of absence-the member subsequently makes an election to do so and it can be demonstrated that the reason for the member missing the original 30 day deadline was because the member had not been made aware of that deadline-the election is made no more than 6 months after the member returns from the period of leave of absence or such longer period as Cambridge City Council may deem reasonable in any individual case. |
| | Whether to extend 30 day deadline for member to elect for a shared cost APC upon return from a period of absence from work with permission with no pensionable pay (otherwise than because of illness or injury, relevant child-related leave or reserve forces service leave) | R16(16) | Employer | A decision on whether the member meets all of the above criteria (and on whether the 6 month period referred to should be extended in any individual case) will be taken by the Head of Human Resources and where it is agreed that the conditions are met, Cambridge City Council will contribute 2/3rds of the cost of buying back the 'lost' pension via a SCAPC |
| Flexible retirement | Whether all or some benefits can be paid if an active member aged 55 or over and with at least 2 years qualifying service reduces their hours or grade (flexible retirement) | R30(6) & TP11(2) | Employer | CCC has issued a Flexible Retirement Policy, which is available to all employees. The Flexible Retirement Policy is published on the Council's intranet. Where flexible retirement has been granted, employees are required to take all accrued benefits to date. |
| | Whether to waive, in whole or in part, actuarial reduction to benefits paid on flexible retirement | R30(8) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | CCC does not waive, in whole or in part, any actuarial reduction on benefits paid upon flexible retirement except where it considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so. Each case will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward and will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources including, where the reduction is only to be waved in part. |
| | Whether to waive, in whole or in part, actuarial reduction on benefits which a member voluntarily draws before normal pension age other than on the grounds of flexible retirement (where the member only has post 31 March 2014 membership) | R30(8) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will not agree to waive actuarial reduction where members choose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before normal pension age except in circumstances where Cambridge City Council considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so or there are compelling compassionate reasons for doing so. Each case:Will be considered on the merits of the financial and/ or operational business case put forward, or Will be considered on the merits of the compassionate case put forward, and Will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources |
| 85 Year Rule | Whether to "switch on" the 85 year rule for a member voluntarily drawing benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 (other than on the grounds of flexible retirement). | TPSch 2, para, 1(2) & 1(1)(c) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will not agree to switch the 85 year rule on where members chose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 except in circumstances where Cambridge City Council considers it is in the financial or operational interests to do so. Each case will be considered on the merits of the financial and/ or operational business case put forward, and will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources |

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| Waive Reduction | <p>Whether to waive any actuarial reduction for a member voluntarily drawing benefits before normal pension age other than on the grounds of flexible retirement (where the member has both pre 1/4/14 and post 31/3/14 membership) on</p> <p>a) compassionate grounds (pre 1/4/14 membership) and in whole or in part on any grounds (post 31/3/14 membership) if the member was not in the Scheme before 1/10/06,</p> <p>b) compassionate grounds (pre 1/4/14 membership) and in whole or in part on any grounds (post 31/3/14 membership) if the member was in the Scheme before 1/10/06, will not be 60 by 31/3/16 and will not attain 60 between 1/4/16 and 31/3/20</p> <p>c) compassionate grounds (pre 1/4/16 membership) and in whole or in part on any grounds (post 31/3/16 membership) if the member was in the Scheme before 1/10/06 and will be 60 by 31/3/16</p> <p>d) compassionate grounds (pre 1/4/20 membership) and in whole or in part on any grounds (post 31/3/20 membership) if the member was in the Scheme before 1/10/06, will not be 60 by 31/3/16 and will attain 60 between 1/4/16 and 31/3/20</p> | TP3(1), TPSch 2 para 2(1), B30(5) & B30A(5) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | <p>Cambridge City Council will not agree -to waive on compassionate grounds any actuarial reduction on pre 1 April 2014 benefits for Group 3 or 4 members, on pre 1 April 2016 benefits for Group 1 members, or on pre 1 April 2020 benefits for Group 2 members, and / or - to waive in whole or in part on any grounds (including compassionate grounds) any actuarial reduction on post 31 March 2014 benefits for Group 3 or 4 members, on post 31 March 2016 benefits for Group 1 members, or on post 31 March 2020 benefits for Group 2 members where members choose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before Normal Pension Age except in circumstances where Cambridge City Council considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so or there are compelling compassionate reasons for doing so. Each case will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward, or be considered on the merits of the compassionate case put forward, and require the approval of the Head of Human Resources.</p> <p>Group 1 members are members who were members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 and will be 60 or more on 31 March 2016.</p> <p>Group 2 members are members who were members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 and will not be 60 or more on 31 March 2016 but will attain age 60 between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2020.</p> <p>Group 3 members are members who were members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 and will not be 60 or more on 31 March 2016 and will not attain age 60 between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2020.</p> <p>Group 4 members are members who were not members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006.</p> |
| | Whether to waive, in whole or in part, actuarial reduction on benefits which a member voluntarily draws before normal pension age other than on the grounds of flexible retirement (where the member only has post 31/3/14 membership) | R30(8) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will not agree to waive actuarial reduction where members choose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before normal pension age except in circumstances where Cambridge City Council considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so or there are compelling compassionate reasons for doing so. Each case: Will be considered on the merits of the financial and/ or operational business case put forward, or Will be considered on the merits of the compassionate case put forward, and Will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources |
| Shared cost AVCs | Whether, how much, and in what circumstances to contribute to shared cost AVC arrangements. | R17(1) & definition of SCAVC in RSch 1 | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not enter into a shared cost AVC arrangement other than a) where the scheme member enters into a SCAVC salary sacrifice arrangement (subject to scheme approval by Civic Affairs Committee or by Head of Human Resources upon agreed delegation) or b) in exceptional circumstances in which case the decision to contribute and the amount of contributions, will be subject to the approval of Head of Human Resources |
| Transferring in non LGPS pension rights | Extend normal time limit for acceptance of a transfer value beyond 12 months from joining the LGPS | R100(6) | Employer and Admin. Authority | Subject to the agreement of the relevant administering authority in any individual case, Cambridge City Council will extend the 12 months period: a) a)Where the member asked for transfer investigations to be commenced within 12 months of joining the LGPS but a quotation of what the transfer value will purchase in the LGPS has not been offered to the member within 11 months of joining the LGPS. The time limit for such a member to make a formal election to transfer pension rights into the LGPS will be extended to one month beyond the date of the letter issued by the appropriate administering authority providing the scheme member with a quotation of what the transfer value will purchase in the LGPS; b) Where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration; or c) Where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the appropriate administering body (e.g. the election form was lost in the post) |
| Joining LGPS membership | Whether to extend the 12 month option period for a member to elect that post 31 March 2014 deferred benefits should not be aggregated with a new employment | R22(8)(b) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will extend the 12 months period: a) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration b) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the appropriate administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post) c) the member has pre 1 April 2014 membership and the Head of Human Resources agrees the available evidence indicates that, due to maladministration, the member had not been informed of the implications of having benefits aggregated and would, in consequence, suffer a detriment to their pension benefits (for example, where member's whole-time equivalent pensionable pay on commencing with CCC is, in real terms after allowing for inflation, significantly less than the whole-time equivalent pensionable pay upon which the deferred benefits were calculated). |
| | Whether to extend the 12 month option period for a member to elect that post 31 March 2014 deferred benefits should not be aggregated with an ongoing concurrent employment | R22(7)(b) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will extend the 12 months period: a) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration b) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the appropriate administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post) c) the member has pre 1 April 2014 membership and the Head of Human Resources agrees the available evidence indicates that, due to maladministration, the member had not been informed of the implications of having benefits aggregated and would, in consequence, suffer a detriment to their pension benefits (for example, where member's whole-time equivalent pensionable pay on commencing with CCC is, in real terms after allowing for inflation, significantly less than the whole-time equivalent pensionable pay upon which the deferred benefits were calculated). |
| Employee contribution rate | How the pension contribution band to which an employee is | R9(1) & R9(3) | Employer | CCC has a position statement, which details how it will determine employee contribution rates; the statement has been agreed with the Trade Unions and communicated to employees. This will be reviewed each April and is published on the Council's Intranet. |
| Regular lump sum payments | In determining Assumed Pensionable Pay, whether a lump sum payment made in the previous 12 months is a "regular lump sum" | R21(5) | Employer | In assessing Assumed Pensionable Pay (APP) for a member who is not a returning officer in receipt of fees Cambridge City Council will not include in the calculation any regular lump sum payments. |

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| Pensionable Pay | Where in the Employer's opinion, the pensionable pay received in relation to an employment (adjusted to reflect any lump sum payments) in the 3 months (or 12 weeks if not paid monthly) preceding the commencement of Assumed Pensionable Pay (APP), is materially lower than the level of pensionable pay the member would have normally received, decide whether to substitute a higher level of pensionable pay having had regard to the level of pensionable pay received by the member in the previous 12 months. Although this discretion is new from 2018, The effective date is backdated to 1 April 2014 by way of regulation 7 of the LGPS (Amendment) Regulations 2018. | R21(5A) & R21(5B) | Employer | In determining Assumed Pensionable Pay (APP) for a member who is not a returning officer in receipt of fees Cambridge City Council will not substitute for the pensionable pay (including any APP) the member received (ignoring any lump sum payments) in the 3 months (or 12 weeks if paid other than monthly) used to calculate APP, a more representative, higher, level of pensionable pay if, having regard to the level of pensionable pay the member received in the previous 12 months, Cambridge City Council is of the view that the pensionable pay (including any assumed pensionable pay) the member received (ignoring any lump sum payments) in the aforementioned 3 month or 12 week period was materially less than what it would normally have been. |
| Deferred benefits | Whether to extend the 12 month option period for a member (who did not become a member of the 2014 Scheme by virtue of TP5(1)) to elect that pre 1 April 2014 deferred benefits should be aggregated with a new employment | TP10(6) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will only extend the 12 month time limit within which a scheme member who: • has a deferred LGPS benefit in England or Wales as a result of the cessation of an employment prior to 1st April 2014, or an election to opt out of membership of the Scheme prior to 1st April 2014, or the cessation of a concurrent employment prior to 1st April 2014, and • has not made an election to be treated as if they had been a member of the Scheme on 31st March 2014 and 1st April 2014 Cambridge City Council may elect to aggregate the deferred benefit with the new period of membership and use the value of the deferred benefit to purchase an amount of earned pension in their CARE pension account in the following circumstances: a) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration; or b) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within the required 12 month period but the election was not received by the Pension Fund administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post). |
| | Allow late application to convert scheme AVCs into membership credit i.e. allow application more than 30 days after cessation of active membership (where AVC arrangement was entered into before 13/11/01) | TP15(1)(b) & L66(8) & former L66(9)(b) | Employer | An extension of the time limit will only be granted where the member has not been notified of the potential additional service that may be purchased. Where this is the case CCC will extend the time limit to one month from the date of notification of the potential service credit |
| | No right to return of contributions where a member left their employment due to offence of a fraudulent character or grave misconduct in connection with that employment, unless employer directs a total or partial refund is to be made | R19(2) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will direct a refund of contributions less any debt owed to the Council by the member. |
| | Specify in an employee's contract what other payments or benefits, other than those specified in R20(1)(a) and not otherwise precluded by R20(2), are to be pensionable | R20(1)(b) | Employer | CCC does not provide any payments or benefits deemed pensionable, outside those determined in R20(1)(a) which states "all the salary, wages, fees and other payments paid to the employee" with the exception of certain Salary Sacrifice schemes. A document entitled what is pensionable pay is published on the Council's intranet. |
| | Whether to use a certificate produced by an IRMP under the 2008 Scheme for the purposes of making an ill health determination under the 2014 Scheme. | TP12(6) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will make the determination in accordance with the available evidence |
| | Determine whether person in receipt of Tier 3 ill health pension has started gainful employment | R37(3) & (4) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will make this determination in accordance with the available evidence, the requirements of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and any statutory guidance issued by the Secretary of State. |
| | Whether to recover any overpaid Tier 3 pension following commencement of gainful employment | R37(3) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will recover any overpaid Tier 3 pension following commencement of gainful employment. |
| | Decide whether deferred beneficiary meets criteria of being permanently incapable of former job because of ill health and is unlikely to be capable of undertaking gainful employment before normal pension age or for at least three years, whichever is the sooner. | R38(3) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will make this determination in accordance with the available evidence, the requirements of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and any statutory guidance issued by the Secretary of State. |
| | Decide whether a suspended ill health tier 3 member is unlikely to be capable of undertaking gainful employment before normal pension age because of ill health | R38(6) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will make this determination in accordance with the available evidence, the requirements of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and any statutory guidance issued by the Secretary of State. |
| | Whether to extend six month period to lodge a stage one IDR appeal | R74(4) | Adjudicator making stage one IDR decision | Cambridge City Council will make the determination in accordance with the available evidence |
| | Decide procedure to be followed by adjudicator when exercising stage one IDR functions and decide the manner in which those functions are to be exercised | R74(6) | Adjudicator making stage one IDR decision | Cambridge City Council will make the determination in accordance with the available evidence |
| | Whether to apply to Secretary of State for a forfeiture certificate (where member is convicted of a relevant offence) | R91(1) & (8) | Employer | Where appropriate Cambridge City Council will apply for a certificate |
| | Where forfeiture certificate is issued, whether to direct that benefits are to be forfeited (other than rights to GMP – but see R95 below) | R91(4) | Employer | If a forfeiture certificate is issued by the Secretary of State it will be applied against the member's pension rights (i.e. the rights should be forfeited) |

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|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Where forfeiture certificate is issued, whether to direct interim payments out of Pension Fund until decision is taken to either apply the certificate or to pay benefits | R92(1) & (2) | Employer | In line with decisions under Regulations R91(1) and 91(4) there will be no need for the Council to decide whether or not to make interim payments |
| | Whether to recover from Fund any monetary obligation or, if less, the value of the member's benefits (other than benefits from transferred in pension rights or APCs or AVCs or, subject to R95 below, in respect of any GMP) where the obligation was incurred as a result of a grave misconduct or a criminal, negligent or fraudulent act or omission in connection with the employment and as a result of which the person has left employment | R93(2) | Employer | The Council will make the appropriate recovery and reduce the member's pensions rights accordingly where the member has not made good the debt |
| | Whether, if the member has committed treason or been imprisoned for at least 10 years for one or more offences under the Official Secrets Acts, forfeiture under R91 or recovery of a monetary obligation under R93 should deprive the member or the member's surviving spouse or civil partner of any GMP entitlement | R95 | Employer | The Council will apply forfeiture to, or recover the monetary obligation from, the relevant benefits (including from the GMP entitlement), where a member has committed treason or been imprisoned for at least 10 years for one or more offences under the Official Secrets Acts. |
| | Agree to bulk transfer payment (<i>Note: This regulation relates to transfer of undertakings where 2 or more members' active membership ends on their joining a different registered pension scheme.</i>) | R98(1)(b) | Employer / Admin. Authority / trustees of new scheme | Cambridge City Council will determine each case on its merits. |
| | Whether to allow a member to select final pay period for fees to be any 3 consecutive years ending 31st March in the 10 years prior to leaving | TP3(6), TP4(6)(c), TP8(4), TP10(2)(a), TP17(2)(b) & B11(2) | Employer | CCC will allow members to select final pay period for fees to be any 3 consecutive years ending 31st March in the 10 years prior to leaving, subject to the approval of the nominated person as defined in the Council's constitution. |

Discretions in relation to Scheme Members (excluding Councillor Members) who ceased active membership on or after 1.4.08 and before 1.4.14. B = LGPS (Benefits, Memberships and Contributions) Regulations 2007

| | Discretion | Regulation | Exercised by | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Waive reduction | Whether to waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to deferred benefits paid early under B30 | B30(5) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Each case will be considered on its merits and will be subject to the approval of the Head of Human Resources. |
| 85 year rule | Whether to switch on the 85 year rule for a pensioner member with deferred benefits voluntarily drawing benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 | TPSch 2, para1(2) & 1(1)C | | Cambridge City Council will not agree to switch the 85 year rule on where pensioner members chose to voluntarily draw their deferred benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 except in circumstances where Cambridge City Council considers it is in the financial or operational interests to do so. Each case: - will be considered on the merits of the financial and/ or operational business case put forward, and will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources. |
| Waive reduction | Whether to waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to benefits paid early under B30A | B30A(5), TPsch 2, para 2(1) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Each case will be considered on its merits and will be subject to the approval of the Head of Human Resources. |
| | Whether to extend the 12 month option period for aggregation of deferred benefits | A16(4)(b)(ii) | | Cambridge City Council will extend the 12 months period: a) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration b) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the appropriate administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post) c) the member has pre 1 April 2014 membership and the Head of Human Resources agrees the available evidence indicates that, due to maladministration, the member had not been informed of the implications of having benefits aggregated and would, in consequence, suffer a detriment to their pension benefits (for example, where member's whole-time equivalent pensionable pay on commencing with CCC is, in real terms after allowing for inflation, significantly less than the whole-time equivalent pensionable pay upon which the deferred benefits were calculated). |
| | Whether to extend the normal time limit for acceptance of a transfer value beyond 12 months from joining the LGPS | A83(8) | | Cambridge City Council will extend the 12 months period: a) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration b) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the appropriate administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post) c) the member has pre 1 April 2014 membership and the Head of Human Resources agrees the available evidence indicates that, due to maladministration, the member had not been informed of the implications of having benefits aggregated and would, in consequence, suffer a detriment to their pension benefits (for example, where member's whole-time equivalent pensionable pay on commencing with CCC is, in real terms after allowing for inflation, significantly less than the whole-time equivalent pensionable pay upon which the deferred benefits were calculated). |
| | Allow late application to convert scheme AVCs into membership credit i.e. allow application more than 30 days after cessation of active membership | TSch1 & L66(8) & former L66(9)(b) | Employer | An extension of the time limit will only be granted where the member has not been notified of the potential additional service that may be purchased. Where this is the case CCC will extend the time limit to one month from the date of notification of the potential service credit. |
| | Whether to allow a late application by member to pay optional contributions for a period of unpaid child related leave, strike, or unpaid leave of absence beyond 30 days | A22(2) | Employer | CCC will consider each case on its own merits and will be subject to the approval of the Head of Human Resources |
| | No right to return of contributions where member left their employment due to offence of a fraudulent character or grave misconduct in connection with that employment unless employer directs a total or partial refund is to be made | A47(2) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will direct a refund of contributions less any debt owed to the Council by the member (see Reg A76 (2) and (3)) |
| | Contribution Equivalent Premium (CEP) in excess of the Certified Amount (CA) recovered from a refund of contributions can be recovered from the Pension Fund | A49(1) & (2) | Employer | The balance is recovered from the fund. In practice this is achieved by the administering authority paying the CEP out of the fund direct to the relevant government departments on behalf of the employer. |
| | Whether to extend six month period to lodge a stage one IDR appeal | A58(7)(b) | Person making stage one IDR decision | Cambridge City Council will extend the 6 months period: a) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 6 month time limit due to maladministration b) where the Head of Human Resources agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 6 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the appropriate administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post) |
| | Whether to apply to Secretary of State for a forfeiture certificate where member is convicted of a relevant offence (a relevant offence is an offence committed in connection with an employment in which the person convicted is a member, and because of which the member left the employment) | A72(1) & (6) | Employer | Where appropriate the Council will apply for a certificate |
| | Where forfeiture certificate is issued, whether to direct that benefits are to be forfeited | A72(3) | Employer | If a forfeiture certificate is issued by the Secretary of State it will be applied against the member's pension rights (i.e. the rights should be forfeited) |
| | Where forfeiture certificate is issued, whether to direct interim payments out of Pension Fund until decision is taken to either apply the certificate or to pay benefits | A73(1) & (2) | Employer | In line with decisions under Regulations A72(1) and 72(3) there will be no need for the Council to decide whether or not to make interim payments. |
| | Whether to recover from Fund any monetary obligation or, if less, the value of the member's benefits (other than transferred in pension rights or AVCs/SCAVCs) where the obligation was incurred as a result of a criminal, negligent or fraudulent act or omission in connection with the employment and as a result of which the person has left employment | A74(2) | Employer | The Council will make the appropriate recovery and reduce the member's pension rights accordingly where the member has not made good the debt. |

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|--|---|--------------|--|---|
| | Whether to recover from Fund any financial loss caused by fraudulent offence or grave misconduct of employee (who has left employment because of that fraudulent offence or grave misconduct), or amount of refund if less. | A76(2) & (3) | Employer | The Council will make the appropriate recovery from the pension fund where the member has not made good the debt. |
| | Decide whether deferred beneficiary meets permanent ill health and reduced likelihood of gainful employment criteria | B31(4) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will make this determination in accordance with the available evidence, the requirements of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and any statutory guidance issued by the Secretary of State. |
| | Decide whether a suspended ill health tier 3 member is permanently incapable of undertaking any gainful employment | B31(7) | Employer (or Admin. Authority where Employer has become defunct) | Cambridge City Council will make this determination in accordance with the available evidence, the requirements of the LGPS Regulations 2013 and any statutory guidance issued by the Secretary of State. |

Discretions under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997 (as amended) in relation to:

- a) active councillor members, and
- b) councillor members who ceased active membership on or after 1.4.98., and
- c) any other scheme members who ceased active membership on or after 1.4.98. and before 1.4.08.

| | Discretion | Regulation | Exercised by | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Employer consent retirement | Grant an application for early payment of deferred benefits on or after age 50 and before age 55. | 31(2) | Employer | CCC will consider each case on its own merits. |
| 85 year rule | Whether to switch on the 85 year rule for a member with deferred benefits voluntarily drawing benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60. Note: TPSch2, para 2(2) does not reference para 1(1)(f) so there is strictly speaking no requirement to publish a policy under this regulation or R60. LGSS recognises this is a regulatory omission and the employer should publish a policy accordingly | TPSch 2, para 1(2) & 1(1)(f) & R60 | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not agree to switch the 85 year rule on where members chose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 except in exceptional circumstances. Each case - will be considered on the merits of the case put forward, and - will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources. Cambridge City Council will not agree to switch the 85 year rule on where members chose to voluntarily draw their deferred benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 except in circumstances where Cambridge City Council considers it is in the financial or operational interests to do so. Each case: will be considered on the merits of the financial and/ or operational business case put forward, and will require the approval of the Head of Human Resources. |
| Waive reduction | Waive, on compassionate grounds, the actuarial reduction applied to deferred benefits paid early | 31(5) | Employer | CCC will consider each case on its own merits. |
| Employer consent at NRD for optant out | Optants out only to get benefits paid from Normal Retirement Date if employer agrees | 31(7A) | Employer | CCC will not pay until the pre 1.4.08 employee ceases the job they opted out from. |
| | Issue a certificate of protection of pension benefits where member fails to apply for one (pay cuts / restrictions occurring pre 1.4.08) | 23(4) | Employer | CCC will consider each case on its own merits. |
| | Decide, in the absence of an election from the member within 3 months of being able to elect, which benefit is to be paid where the member would be entitled to a pension or retirement grant under 2 or more regulations in respect of the same period of Scheme membership No right to return of contributions where member left their employment due to offence of a fraudulent character or grave misconduct in connection with that employment unless employer directs a total or partial refund is to be made. | 34(1)(b) 88(2) | Employer Employer | Where a member has not made an election within 3 months the Council will apply whichever is deemed the more beneficial provision. Cambridge City Council will direct a refund of contributions less any debt owed to the Council by the member |
| | Employer may deduct contributions from a councillor's pay or reserve forces pay | 89(1) & (2) | Employer | CCC will consider each case on its own merits. |
| | Contribution Equivalent Premium (CEP) in excess of the Certified Amount (CA) recovered from a refund of contributions can be recovered from the Pension Fund (councillor leavers and pre 1.4.08. leavers) | 92 | Employer | The balance is recovered from the fund. In practice this is achieved by the administering authority paying the CEP out of the fund direct to the relevant government departments on behalf of the employer |
| | Forfeiture of pension rights on issue of Secretary of State's certificate following a relevant offence (a relevant offence is an offence committed in connection with an employment in which the person convicted is a member, and because of which the member left the employment) | 111(2) & (5) | Employer | If a forfeiture certificate is issued by the Secretary of State it will be applied against the members pension rights (i.e. the rights should be forfeited) |
| | Where forfeiture certificate is issued, direct interim payments out of Pension Fund until decision is taken to either apply the certificate or to pay benefits | 112(1) | Employer | In line with decisions under Regulations C111(2) and (5), there will be no need for the Council to decide whether or not to make interim payments |
| | Recovery from Fund of monetary obligation owed by former employee or, if less, the value of the member's benefits (other than transferred in pension rights) | 113(2) | Employer | The Council will make the appropriate recovery and reduce the member's pensions rights accordingly where the member has not made good the debt |
| | Recovery from Fund of financial loss caused by employee, or amount of refund if less. | 115(2) & (3) | Employer | The Council will make the appropriate recovery from the pension fund where the member has not made good the debt. |

Discretions under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1995 (as amended) in relation to scheme members who ceased active membership before 1.4.98.

| | Discretion | Regulation | Exercised by | |
|-----------------------------|--|------------|--------------|---|
| Employer consent retirement | Grant an application for early payment of deferred benefits on or after age 50 on compassionate grounds. Note: although the common provisions of the 1997 Transitional provisions regulations do not specify regulation D11(2)(c), their intention was that it should apply to this regulation | D11(2)(c) | Employer | Each request will be considered on its merits and will be subject to the approval of the Head of Human Resources. |
| | Decide, in the absence of an election from the member within 3 months of being able to elect, which benefit is to be paid where the member would be entitled to a pension or retirement grant under 2 or more regulations in respect of the same period of Scheme membership. | D10 | Employer | Where a member has not made an election within 3 months the Council will apply whichever is deemed the more beneficial provision. |

Discretions under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 (as amended)

Under Regulation 7 of the Discretionary Compensation Regulations, each authority (other than an Admitted Body) is required to formulate and keep under review a policy which applies in respect of exercising their discretion in relation to:

| | Discretion | Regulation | Exercised by | |
|------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------|---|
| Redundancy Pay on actual weeks pay | To base redundancy payments on an actual weeks pay where this exceeds the statutory weeks pay limit. | 5 | Employer | Redundancy payments will be based on actual weeks' pay. |
| Lump sum compensation | To award lump sum compensation of up to 104 weeks pay in cases of redundancy, termination of employment on efficiency grounds, or cessation of a joint appointment. | 6 | Employer | CCC does not award any such compensation in cases of redundancy, termination of employment on business efficiency grounds, or cessation of a joint appointment. |

Discretions under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2000 (as amended)

These Regulations still apply to any Compensatory Added Years previously awarded by a Scheme Employer before 1 April 2007. Scheme employers (other than admission bodies) who made awards of Compensatory Added Years are required to have a policy on the following::

| Discretion | Regulation | Exercised by | |
|---|---|--------------|----------|
| Abatement during re-employment | To what extent to reduce or suspend the member's annual compensatory added years payment during any period of re-employment in local government | 17 | Employer |
| Reduction following cessation of re-employment | How to reduce the member's annual compensatory added years payment following the cessation of a period of re-employment in local government | 19 | Employer |
| Apportionment of survivor benefit | How to apportion any surviving spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years payment where the deceased person is survived by more than one spouse or civil partner | 21(4) | Employer |
| Effects of remarriage, new civil partnership or co-habitation on survivor's compensation payments | Whether, in respect of the spouse of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 and where the spouse or civil partner remarries, enters into a new civil partnership or cohabits after 1 April 1998, the normal pension suspension rules should be disapplied i.e. whether the spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years payments should continue to be paid | 21(7) | Employer |
| | If, under the preceding decision, the authority's policy is to apply the normal suspension rules, whether the spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years payment should be reinstated after the end of the remarriage, new civil partnership or cohabitation | 21(5) | Employer |
| | How it will decide to whom any children's annual compensatory added years payments are to be paid where children's pensions are not payable under the LGPS (because the employee had not joined the LGPS) and, in such a case, how the annual added years will be apportioned amongst the eligible children | | Employer |
| | Whether, in respect of the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 and where the spouse or civil partner remarries or cohabits or enters into a civil partnership on or after 1 April 1998 with another person who is also entitled to a spouse's or civil partners annual CAY payment, the normal rule requiring one of them to forego payment whilst the period of marriage, civil partnership or co-habitation lasts, should be disapplied i.e. whether the spouses' or civil partners' annual CAY payments should continue to be paid to both of them | 21(7) | Employer |

Where compensatory added years were awarded on or after 21 June 2000 CCC will reduce a person's annual compensatory added years payment following the cessation of a period of re-employment in local government to the extent necessary to secure that if: - the period of compensatory added years granted in respect of the former employment, plus - the period of membership the person has accrued in the LGPS (or would have accrued had he / she joined the scheme) during the period of re-employment in local government, counted at its part-time length, if the person was part-time, exceeds - the period of membership the person would have accrued during the period from the cessation of the former employment until age 65 on the assumption that he / she had continued in that former employment to age 65 (again counted at its part-time length if the person was part-time at the date of cessation of the former employment), then - the annual pension and lump sum from the first job combined with the annual pension and automatic lump sum (if any) from the second job (based on the assumption that the employee joined the LGPS at the first opportunity), plus the annual compensation and lump sum compensation, shall not in aggregate exceed the pension and lump sum the person would have achieved if he / she had remained in the first job through to age 65. Where there is an excess, the annual compensation must be reduced by the excess pension, and if the annual compensation is not reduced to nil, the amount of the remaining (reduced) basic annual compensation (excluding cost of living increases) must then be suspended until the excess lump sum (if any) is recovered. In calculating whether or not, in aggregate, the annual pension and lump sum from the first job, plus the annual pension and lump sum (if any) from the second job (based on the assumption that the employee joined the LGPS at the first opportunity), plus the annual compensation and lump sum compensation, exceeds the pension and lump sum the person would have achieved if he / she had remained in the first job through to age 65 it will be necessary to compare: a) the actual LGPS pre 1 April 2009 1/80th pension and 3/80ths lump sum, plus the actual LGPS post 31 March 2008 1/80th pension (ignoring any commutation for a lump sum), plus the actual 1/80th annual compensation and 3/80ths lump sum compensation, with b) the 1/80th LGPS pension and 3/80ths lump sum the member would have achieved in their first job to 31 March 2008, plus the 1/60th LGPS pension the member would have achieved in their first job (ignoring any potential commutation for a lump sum), if the member had stayed in the first job through to age 65. In determining the benefits the employee could have achieved had he / she remained in the first employment through to age 65 it will be necessary to determine the pensionable pay to be used in the calculation. For this purpose, the pensionable pay figure used in the calculation of the pension benefits in the first job will be used as brought up to date, at the date of cessation of the period or re-employment, by increasing it in line with the rate at which an "official pension" would have been increased under the Pensions (Increase) Act 1971. If a person has been awarded more than one previous period of compensatory added years, e.g. as a result of being made redundant more than once, the abatement/clawback provisions are modified. In such a case, the rules under the former Local Government (Discretionary Payments) Regulations 1998 will be applied where a person ceases a period of re-employment in local government and has previously been granted more than one period of compensatory added years, but using the pay in the first job as increased in line with cost of living increases (i.e. ignoring regulations 18(5)(a)(i), 18(6) and 18(7) of the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) Regulations 1998). Where compensatory added years were awarded before 21 June 2000, Cambridge City Council will reduce a person's annual compensatory added years' payment following the cessation of a period of re-employment in local government (see note below) in accordance with the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) Regulations 1996.

Where compensatory added years were awarded on or after 21 June 2000 CCC will reduce a person's annual compensatory added years payment following the cessation of a period of re-employment in local government to the extent necessary to secure that if: - the annual compensation (including any pension increases), and - the annual pension from the LGPS (including any pension increases), and - the annual rate of pay from the new employment exceeds the pay the person would have received from the employment in respect of which the compensatory added years were granted, based on the annual rate of pay at the date of ceasing the former employment as increased by the relevant cost of living increases (i.e. as increased by the rate at which an "official pension" is increased under the Pensions (Increase) Act 1971).

The Council will apportion any surviving spouses or civil partner's annual compensatory added years where the deceased person is survived by more than one spouse or civil partner in such proportions as, at its sole discretion, it sees fit (based on the merits of the individual cases). Where no representation is received payments will normally be apportioned equally.

If the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 remarries, enters into a new civil partnership or cohabits after 1 April 1998, the normal annual compensation suspension rules will be disapplied i.e. the spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years will continue to be paid

Due to the decision in discretion ET21(7) above this discretion is not applicable.

This discretion is not applicable because CCC did not award Compensatory Added Years to non LGPS members

If the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 remarries or cohabits after 1 April 1998 with another person who is also entitled to a spouse's or civil partners annual CAY payment, the normal annual compensation suspension rules will be disapplied i.e. the spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years will continue to be paid to both of them.

Discretions under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011

Scheme employers (other than admission bodies) must have a policy on:

| | <u>Discretion</u> | <u>Regulation</u> | <u>Exercised by</u> | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|---|
| Injury Allowances | Whether to grant an injury allowance following reduction in remuneration as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job. | 3(1) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Amount of injury allowance following reduction in remuneration as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job. | 3(4) and 8 | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Determine whether person continues to be entitled to an injury allowance awarded under regulation 3(1) (reduction in remuneration as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job). | 3(2) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Whether to grant an injury allowance following cessation of employment as a result of permanent incapacity caused by sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job. | 4(1) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Amount of injury allowance following cessation of employment as a result of permanent incapacity caused by sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job. | 4(3) and 8 | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Determine whether person continues to be entitled to an injury allowance awarded under regulation 4(1) (loss of employment through permanent incapacity) | 4(2) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Whether to suspend or discontinue injury allowance awarded under regulation 4(1) (loss of employment through permanent incapacity) if person secures paid employment for not less than 30 hours per week for a period of not less than 12 months. | 4(5) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Whether to grant an injury allowance following cessation of employment with entitlement to immediate LGPS pension where a regulation 3 payment (reduction in remuneration as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job) was being made at date of cessation of employment but regulation 4 (loss of employment through permanent incapacity) does not apply. | 6(1) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Determine amount of any injury allowance to be paid under regulation 6(1) (payment of injury allowance following the cessation of employment). | 6(1) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | Determine whether and when to cease payment of an injury allowance payable under regulation 6(1) (payment of injury allowance following the cessation of employment). | 6(2) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| Whether to grant an injury allowance to the spouse, civil partner, co-habiting partner or dependent of an employee who dies as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job. The requirement to nominate a cohabiting partner has ceased entirely under these regulations due to the outcome of Elmes v Essex CC high court judgement | 7(1) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay an | |

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|--|---|------------|----------|---|
| | <p>Determine amount of any injury allowance to be paid to the spouse, civil partner, nominated co-habiting partner (for awards made on or after 1 April 2008 the requirement to nominate a cohabiting partner has ceased due to the outcome of Elmes v Essex CC high court judgement) or dependent under regulation 7(1) (employee who dies as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job.</p> | 7(2) and 8 | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |
| | <p>Determine whether and when to cease payment of an injury allowance payable under regulation 7(1) (employee who dies as a result of sustaining an injury or contracting a disease in the course of carrying out duties of the job."</p> | 7(3) | Employer | Cambridge City Council will not make any awards under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments)(Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 as CCC holds Employer's Liability Insurance. CCC has provision for NJC employees under the National Agreement on pay and conditions of service (Green Book) |

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Agenda Item 5

| Question | From Councillor | To Executive Councillor for | Question |
|----------|-----------------|---|---|
| 1 | Holloway | Housing | With rising concerns around the future of the government's scheme for Ukrainian refugees, can the Executive Councillor set out how the council proposes to continue our support? |
| 2 | Bick | Leader | One of the surviving initiatives of the government's abandoned economic strategy is the creation of Investment Zones, where financial incentives and light touch planning controls are offered to developers. Has this council supported a formal Expression of Interest to the government for any area within Cambridge to become an Investment Zone and if so, where? |
| 3 | Hauk | Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development | "What are the City Council and the Executive Councillors planning to do to help the Clay Farm Centre library and community centre to be safe and welcoming spaces in the coming winter months, following a series of very serious failures of basic infrastructure?" |
| 4 | Carling | Leader | What is the leader's perspective on the GCP City Access consultation which has just opened? |
| 5 | McPherson | Recovery, Employment and Community Safety | In pre-covid 2019, the Children's Commissioner reported that Cambridge was the fourth worst performing area in the country for young people on Free School Meals. How is the Council supporting young people from disadvantaged backgrounds through education and into the job market |

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| 6 | Bennett | Environment, Climate Change and Biodiversity | Council will be aware of the proposal to do a feasibility study to establish a district heat network under the Market Square based on ground heat . This is an extremely challenging site because of existing underground buildings and archaeological heritage . Would it not be prudent to ask the funders to switch the funding to a less challenging clean site such as Abbey Pools car park? |
| 7 | Page-Croft | Environment, Climate Change and Biodiversity | Could the executive Councillor explain how or if the council are actively engaging with local businesses and offices to reduce their carbon footprint, particularly out of hours, in this troublesome time. |
| 8 | Howard | Environment, Climate Change and Biodiversity | Council will be aware of the proposal to do a feasibility study to establish a district heat network under the Market Square based on ground heat . This is an extremely challenging site because of existing underground buildings and archaeological heritage . Would it not be prudent to ask the funders to switch the funding to a less challenging clean site such as Abbey Pools car park? |
| 9 | S Smith | Planning and Infrastructure | Could a new affordable housing policy in the emerging Local Plan help deliver more dwellings for social and affordable rent? |
| 10 | Smart | Finance, Resources and Transformation | Given the financial challenge outlined in the update on Our Cambridge, could the Executive Councillor for Finance and Resources please indicate what steps will be taken to mitigate the impact on residents? |

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| 11 | Gawthrope Wood | Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development | Can the Executive Councillor update members on the review of this year's city run events, including the Folk Festival and Big Weekend, and share any information on plans for future years' events |
| 12 | Porrer | Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development | Can the Executive Councillor for Open Spaces explain why the Observation Wheel is still on Parker's Piece on 18th October, despite planning permission expiring over a month ago. |
| 13 | Copley | Equalities, Anti-poverty & Well-being | <p>Friends, Family and Travellers (FFT) (www.gypsy-traveller.org) have written a letter to the Government about the impact of the cost of living crisis, specifically related to the high cost of energy, for those living in mobile homes, caravans and on boats. Fuel poverty for these groups is different to that of those in the settled community because of the differing arrangements for purchase and subsequent costs of energy use are disproportionately high.</p> <p>There are a number of reasons for this including the fact that many site owners (including local authorities) choose the electricity supplier so households often have to pay an additional handling charge. In addition, the wide use of prepayment meters is generally a more expensive source of electricity. Another issue is the cost of gas cylinders both on sites without a gas main supply and on roadside encampments. According to FFT who made estimates in August 2022, a gas cylinder lasting between five and seven days at that time costed between £70-£85 for a family of four, i.e. approximately £400 a month on gas alone, compared to £81.93 for a</p> |

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| | | | <p>five bedroom house with a family of four to five. (from britishgas.co.uk/energy/guides/average-bill.html). Gas prices have risen dramatically and this disparity is likely to have risen further.</p> <p>This is not a new issue for Gypsy and Traveller communities. A 2013 Gypsy and Traveller Needs Assessment conducted in Leeds highlighted that, compared with ‘settled’ energy consumers, Gypsies and Travellers living on sites were paying on average 42% more.</p> <p>The Energy Bill Support Scheme is a national scheme designed with the settled community in mind and there are not clear instructions on the Government website how to claim for the 1% of households who are not eligible. It is important to ensure that Traveller communities aren’t excluded from this scheme, including those who transit through the city. What specific actions will the City Council (both independently, and in collaboration with other local authorities upon whose land many sites are located), take to assist Travellers (both those on sites and those who transit the city) with the cost of living crisis?</p> <p>Notes: https://www.gypsy-traveller.org/news/gypsy-and-traveller-organisations-ask-government-to-address-impact-of-energy-cost-crisis-on-gypsies-and-travellers/ https://www.gov.uk/guidance/getting-the-energy-bills-support-scheme-discount</p> |
| 14 | Flaubert | Housing | <p>Could the executive for Housing explain why leaving residents in housing with</p> |

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| | | | broken boilers, without heating and hot water is acceptable? |
| 15 | Pounds | Finance, Resources and Transformation | Please could the Executive Councillor update us on the proposals in the Accommodation Strategy recently presented to the Strategy and Resources Scrutiny meeting, with particular reference to the future of The Guildhall? |
| 16 | Thittala | Housing | Are we seeing an increase in homelessness due to the cost-of-living crisis, and what plans does the council have to support those struggling to meet accommodation costs? |
| 17 | S Baigent | Anti-Poverty, Equalities and Well-being | What additional measures are the council putting in place to address the cost-of-living crisis this winter? |
| 18 | Divkovic | Recovery, Employment and Community Safety | Can the Executive Councillor outline what steps are being taken to reduce cycle crime? |
| 19 | Robertson | Anti-Poverty, Equalities and Well-being | What activities have the council undertaken in relation to black history month and can I have an update on progress in relation to the Black Lives Matter and commitments related to this motion previously passed at full council? |
| 20 | Dryden | Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development | Given that we are now in October, can the Executive Councillor please update members on plans for a 2022 ice rink, and on council's approach to future year's events? |

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| 21 | Nethsingha | Recovery, Employment and Community Safety | Please update the Council on progress on purchasing noise cameras to deter the increasing unsafe anti-social behaviour, particularly at night, of scooters, mopeds, motorcycles and cars racing around the city streets, which is causing disruption to so many of our residents across the city. |
| 22 | Levien | Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development | What level of responsibility does the Executive for Open Spaces and Community accept for the building in which the Clay Farm surgery sits in Trumpington, where community service providers all continue to experience unacceptable problems? |
| 23 | Swift | Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development | Would the Executive Councillor share an update on Cambridge's progress towards its Gold Sustainable Food Cities award? |
| 24 | D Baigent | Planning and Infrastructure | What are the options for providing buses in Cambridge City? |
| 25 | Lee | Leader | Could the City Council leader, in line with our shared desire to encourage active travel and provide alternatives to car use within Cambridge, discuss with VOI the feasibility of the expansion of the scooter scheme to include cargo bikes as well as the e-scooters and e-bikes which they currently provide? |

Agenda item 7b - Councillor Divkovic proposed and Councillor Swift seconded the following amendment to motion (deleted text ~~struckthrough~~ and additional text underlined)

Council notes

The significant efforts of this Labour council, to address the cost-of-living crisis and support residents during these increasingly difficult times within a wider context which includes:

- The devastating impact of of recent decisions ~~the recent fiscal event from by the Conservative Government and the former Chancellor,~~ Kwasi Kwarteng has had on costs facing the majority of UK households through prompting a falling pound and ~~and~~ increased interest rates;
- That ~~T~~this sits on top of compounds not only the energy shortage caused by Putin's invasion of Ukraine over which we have limited influence, but also ~~the inflationary effect and the constraints on trade and migration arising from Brexit, which is leaving us all relatively poorer overtime;~~
- The risks of a second period of sustained austerity, even worse than previous austerity measures imposed by Coalition and Conservative governments since 2010 which caused so much hardship to so many-particularly those most vulnerable in society.

This Council recognises the efforts of Daniel Zeichner MP and Leader of the Labour party, Keir Starmer in relation to European unity, and notes their consistent support of the European project. We calls on MPs of all parties, especially Daniel Zeichner as MP for Cambridge and Keir Starmer as Leader of the Opposition to:

- be clear of that Brexit remains a key and persistent cause underpinning of the cost-of-living crisis ~~which is completely unique to the UK and~~
- recognise that a closer relationship with the EU, ~~and in particular the restoration of free movement of goods and people~~ under the leadership of a national Labour Government is critical to tackling the cost of living crisis which will impact negatively on so many of our residents ~~and securing sustainable growth, the absence of which disadvantages us all.~~

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Agenda item 7d - Councillor Porrer proposed and Councillor Lee seconded the following amendment to motion, (deleted text ~~struckthrough~~ and additional text underlined).

The Council Notes

1. That according to research by Savills in 2021, 42% of households in Cambridge live in private rented accommodation.
2. That the strong rental market in Cambridge has led to high rental prices in the city, as displayed by Savills research from Aug 2020-21 where average rental prices increased by 4.1% in a year.
3. The City Council's 2019 review of homelessness and rough sleeping found that one of the most common causes of people becoming homeless in Cambridge were because of the loss of a private rented home.
4. The 2021 Census showed that Cambridge's population has been growing at almost three times the national average during the past decade (17.6% since 2011).
5. According to Government research, '*many low income households may have little choice over which property to rent because of the budget they have available*'. While 1/3 of privately rented homes in the UK don't meet the government's Decent Homes Standard.
6. Requests to Citizens Advice Bureau regarding help for private tenants are most typically about 'repairs and maintenance', 'rents and other charges' and 'tenancy deposit protection'.

The Council Believes

1. Having a safe, secure and affordable home is vital.
2. That with such a growing population, house prices rising even faster, and without adequate funding for the council and housing associations to build affordable housing, the private rental sector in Cambridge is going to continue growing.
3. Tenants who may have little choice over rental properties may feel reluctant to complain about housing problems because they fear being evicted or are restricted by their budgets.
4. That as a city we should aspire for all residents to be living in safe, legal and adequate homes.
5. That working closely with private renters in Cambridge will allow us to better identify issues which can be addressed collaboratively.

The Council Resolves

1. To convene a Private Renters' Forum to consult with private tenants in the city, including stakeholder groups such as ACORN, Students' Unions and Citizens Advice Bureau.
2. To notify Councillors at an All Member Briefing on plans for the Forum, and ensure information about the forum is shared widely.
3. Through the Forum, work with private renters to discuss how the Council can best support and advocate for private renters in the city.
4. ~~To re-consider the need for a Selective Landlord Licensing Scheme in the light of the 2021 census data when it becomes available.~~ To review progress on the targeted measures adopted by the council in 2021 to uphold acceptable standards in the Private Rental Sector following the clear conclusion of the report prepared for the council at that time that circumstances in Cambridge would not support a Selective Landlord Licensing Scheme under current legislation;
5. To continue to put high priority on work to ensure that all HMOs in the city are inspected, improved if needed, and licensed.
6. To ensure the relevant information on the Council's website (currently listed here: www.cambridge.gov.uk/private-rented-accommodation) is reviewed and promoted.
7. To look into providing resources in other languages which are spoken in the city.
8. To continue working via the Council's Landlord Steering Group to reach out to landlords in the city and ensure there is always private tenant representation on the Landlord Steering Group, either through ACORN or other local organisations;
9. To support moves to address the supply of decent and affordable private rental homes by making the most of the opportunity under our Housing Strategy and new Local Plan for the provision of new, modern, purpose-built rental accommodation with fair service charges, and to maximise use of enforcement powers to control losses through the conversion of existing homes to short term lets (Airbnb-like), whilst actively seeking improved powers to do so more effectively in future.

Council 20 October 2022 Written Questions

1. Councillor Copley

To Councillor Collis the Executive Councillor for Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development.

Could we have an update progress made on action points from motion "Plant-based food" from May 2022?

Response:

Officers are currently exploring plant-based catering options and are preparing a costed report of plant-based catering options for Civic events to bring to Environment & Community Scrutiny Committee in January 2023.

As part of this exploration, and to investigate the practicalities of using Cambridge City Council Civic events to promote and showcase plant-based food options, the catering at the Council's civic Remembrance Sunday service on 12th November will include serving some plant-based options. There will be information displayed near to the plant-based options to raise awareness of the climate benefits. Findings from this will be included in the report of plant-based catering options.

At the point of raising the motion in May 2022, the Summer 2022 programme and paperwork for events which occur on city council open spaces, had already been completed. Officers undertake a review of the Council's hire conditions on an annual basis in the latter part of the year and will review clauses as appropriate to reflect the action points in the plant-based food motion.

The Council continues to work with Cambridge Sustainable Food and on 16 October jointly ran an event with community organisations, including Cambridge Sustainable Food, as part of the Cambridge Zero Climate Change Festival. The event highlighted community projects tackling climate change, which included sustainable food projects and the Going for Gold campaign. The Council is also promoting Cambridge Sustainable Food's Food for the Planet Festival.

2. Councillor Copley

To Councillor Collis the Executive Councillor for Open Spaces, Food Justice and Community Development.

Can we be provided with an update on progress on the herbicide free trial and timescale for the results reporting / role-out citywide (should the trial be successful)?

Response:

We have successfully completed the herbicide free trial in Newnham and Arbury Wards, in accordance with our Herbicide Reduction Plan, which was approved in January 2022.

We are now evaluating the results of the trial with the view to bringing a report on the findings and recommended next steps in pursuit of our city-wide Herbicide Reduction Plan to Environment and Community Scrutiny Committee early in 2023.

As part of the evaluation work, we are organising Ward walkabouts with local Ward Councillors in Arbury and Newnham to assess the impacts of the trials on the ground.

3. Councillor Howard

To Councillor Thornburrow the Executive Councillor for Planning Policy and Infrastructure

Could the relevant executive councillor clarify what the most up to date figures are for the exact number of jobs and homes proposed to be delivered from the North East Cambridge Area Action Plan is, and detail the total number of homes that would be required for the number of on-site jobs proposed and thus what the difference is (ie total homes delivered minus total homes required for job total proposed)?

Notes:

<https://www.cambridgeindependent.co.uk/news/8-350-home-north-east-cambridge-plan-will-protect-villages-a-9234459/> cites 15,000 new jobs and 8,350-homes

Response:

The Proposed Submission North East Cambridge AAP proposes 8,350 new homes and 15,000 additional office, research & development and industrial type jobs in the NEC area. Those figures are also included in the Greater Cambridge Local Plan First Proposals. There will also be jobs in supporting uses such as education and community uses. NEC forms part of the urban area of Cambridge and is not being planned as a stand alone place. Our evidence shows it is the most sustainable location in Greater Cambridge in view of the existing and proposed high quality public transport meaning people don't need to use a car to access the area. Nevertheless, to provide opportunities to internalise as many trips as possible, the AAP proposes a significant number of homes alongside existing the proposed jobs. The 8,350 new homes would generate a total residential population of over 16,000, of which there would be around 13,500 people of working age. There would therefore likely be a slight surplus in jobs across the NEC area. The council considers the balance of homes and new employment to be appropriate having regard to other key considerations including the management of car trips and the delivery of a vibrant and mixed district quarter to the city.

4. Councillor Howard

To Councillor Thornburrow the Executive Councillor for Planning Policy and Infrastructure

At the beginning of the year, the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Combined Authority allocated £420,000 to be spent on restoration and conservation actions to protect and build resilience in local chalk streams.. This work risks being seriously undermined as water levels have dropped dramatically in most of the streams over the summer due to the drought status, declared on the basis of sound evidence by the Environment Agency. In February 2022 (<https://www.cambridge.gov.uk/news/2022/02/22/councils-respond-to-water-resources-easts-new-plan-for-water-management-over-50-years>), Katie Thornburrow stated publicly that the water industry must demonstrate “that there will be an adequate water supply without causing unacceptable harm to the environment”. Will the Council therefore arrange an immediate meeting with Cambridge Water to ask them whether they correctly implemented their Drought Management Plan this year, why no Temporary Usage Ban was introduced, why streams ran dry, and what actions they are going to take given that Drought Status is likely to be remain for several months?

Response:

I remain committed to ensuring that the precious chalk streams in Greater Cambridge are protected for generations to come. Cambridge Water, alongside all other water companies are currently engaged with the process of preparing and agreeing Water Resource Management Plans with the Government. Given previous responses from Cambridge Water to questions around their actions during summer 2022, and the pending consideration of their water resource management plan, I will write to Cambridge Water to put these questions to them. I will also request a meeting although I am not clear if this would achieve any additional information. The Council will continue to engage with CW alongside Anglian Water, the Environment Agency and Water resources East in an effort to push for the protection of the chalk streams from further harm.

5. Councillor Bennett

To Councillor Thornburrow the Executive Councillor for Planning Policy and Infrastructure

Could we have an update on the progress being made with the actions agreed under the motion on Rivers, Safe Swimming and Sewage, that was passed at the July Council Meeting, notably (a) organising a public meeting to discuss the issue of sewage treatment with the Chief Executive of Anglian Water, senior representatives from the Environment Agency and Natural England and South Cambridgeshire, and (b) asking Anglian Water for clear information on all the treatment works that have an impact on the quality of water flowing through Cambridge? In October, Ofwat announced that 11 water companies are being fined for underperformance on their targets. Anglian Water was one of these companies, and we need to know what action is now being planned by the company to improve its operations.”

<https://www.ofwat.gov.uk/11-water-companies-to-reduce-bills-by-almost-150m-because-of-missed-targets/>

Response:

The Chief Executive Robert Pollock wrote to the Chief Executive of Anglian Water in September, setting out the Council’s significant concerns about water quality and the impact of wastewater discharge. A response was received on the 4 October. Both letters have been shared with all Council members.

The Anglian response advises that they share the Councils' concerns and would like to reassure the Council that they do not dump raw sewage into the environment. Storm discharges from Combined Storm Overflows (CSOs) contain low levels of sewage but are predominantly rainwater. These are only permitted under heavy rainfall conditions, where sewers are working normally but have been inundated with rainwater.

Anglian permanent treated discharges from Water Recycling Centres are issued with permits and performance is carefully monitored by the Environmental Agency (EA). The EA most recent overall environmental of Anglian gives a rating of 2 out of 4 – “requiring improvement”. The EA notes that AWG is responsible for more serious pollution incidents than any other water and sewage company and is performing “significant below target” on this metric ⁽¹⁾

The additional data requested by the Council was not provided, but they have offered to meet with members of the Council at one of their sites to discuss the specific points. We will be taking up this offer.

It should also be noted that the Council responded to the recent consultation on Anglian Water's Drainage and Waste Water Management Plan, reiterating concerns and requesting that further information be provided.

(1.) <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/water-and-sewerage-companies-in-england-environmental-performance-report-2021/water-and-sewerage-companies-in-england-environmental-performance-report-2021> (22 July 2022)

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